

FORM 4: NEW WORK ITEM PROPOSAL (NP)

Circulation date 2021-04-21	Reference number: Enter Number (to be given by ISO Central Secretariat)
Closing date for voting 2021-07-14	ISO/TC Enter Number /SC Enter Number
Proposer	□ Proposal for a new PC
 ISO member body: SAC □ Committee, liaison or other¹: Click here to enter text. 	N Click here to enter text.
Secretariat SAC	

A proposal for a new work item within the scope of an existing committee shall be submitted to the secretariat of that committee.

¹ The proposer of a new work item may be a member body of ISO, the secretariat itself, another technical committee or subcommittee, an organization in liaison, the Technical Management Board or one of the advisory groups, or the Secretary-General. See ISO/IEC Directives Part 1, <u>Clause 2.3.2</u>.

The proposer(s) of the new work item proposal shall:

- make every effort to provide a first working draft for discussion, or at least an outline of a working draft;
- nominate a project leader;
- discuss the proposal with the committee leadership prior to submitting the appropriate form, to decide on an appropriate development track (based on market needs) and draft a project plan including key milestones and the proposed date of the first meeting.

The proposal will be circulated to the P-members of the technical committee or subcommittee for voting, and to the O-members for information.

IMPORTANT NOTE

Proposals without adequate justification risk rejection or referral to originator.

Guidelines for proposing and justifying a new work item are contained in Annex C of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1.

The proposer has considered the guidance given in the Annex C during the preparation of the NP.

Resource availability:

☐ There are resources available to allow the development of the project to start immediately after project approval* (i.e. project leader, related WG or committee work programme).

Proposal (to be completed by the proposer, following discussion with the committee leadership)

Title of the proposed deliverable

English title

Guidance on evaluating standardization benefits for organizations

French title (if available)

Click here to enter text.

(In the case of an amendment, revision or a new part of an existing document, include the reference number and current title)

Scope of the proposed deliverable

This document provides guidance for organizations to understand and apply the evaluation principles, methods and procedures of economic and social benefits of standardization. This document is generally useful for organizations to measure the benefits of standardization and improve their own standardization inputs.

^{*} if not, it is recommended that the project be first registered as a preliminary work item (a Form 4 is not required for this) and, when the development can start, Form 4 should be completed to initiate the NP ballot.

Purpose and justification of the proposal

In 2010, ISO promulgated a methodology of evaluating standardization benefits on organization, which was based on value chain theory, in order to help member countries design and carry out such research, and carried out many case studies in member countries. On its website, ISO offers 30 cases from 20 countries, including China, Singapore, Germany and South Africa, covering a wide range of industries including healthcare, retail, shipbuilding and insurance. This methodology didn't issue as international standard, which limit entrepreneurs or companies improve their benefits from standardization.

At present, ISO or IEC does not have standardization documents related to this proposal, and only limited case studies have been carried out at ISO. In the development of this proposal, the drafting group has been continuing to carry out research work related to the standardization benefits, in the shipbuilding, metallurgy, electric power and other industries to carry out the economic and social benefits of micro standardization case practice, accumulated a wealth of experience and technology.

The purpose of the proposal is providing organizations with evaluation principles, evaluation method and evaluation procedure of standardization benefits, improve the understanding of standardized benefits, and find out the function mode of standardization in organization's value chain, so as to strengthen the standardization input, maximize the benefits brought by standardization. In turn, it helps organizations improve their efficiency through standardization activities.

Consider the following:

Is there a verified market need for the proposal? What problem does this document solve? What value will the document bring to end-users?

See Annex C of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 for more information.

See the following guidance on justification statements in the brochure 'Guidance on New work': https://www.iso.org/publication/PUB100438.html

Please select any UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) that this document will support. For more information on SDGs, please visit our website at www.iso.org/SDGs ."
GOAL 1: No Poverty GOAL 2: Zero Hunger GOAL 3: Good Health and Well-being GOAL 4: Quality Education GOAL 5: Gender Equality GOAL 6: Clean Water and Sanitation GOAL 7: Affordable and Clean Energy GOAL 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth GOAL 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure GOAL 10: Reduced Inequality GOAL 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities GOAL 12: Responsible Consumption and Production GOAL 13: Climate Action GOAL 14: Life Below Water GOAL 15: Life on Land
□ GOAL 16: Peace and Justice Strong Institutions N/A GOAL 17: Partnerships to achieve the Goal
Preparatory work (An outline should be included with the proposal)
 □ A draft is attached ⋈ An outline is attached □ An existing document will serve as the initial basis The proposer or the proposer's organization is prepared to undertake the preparatory work required: ⋈ Yes □ No
If a draft is attached to this proposal
Please select from one of the following options (note that if no option is selected, the default will be the first option): □ Draft document can be registered at Working Draft stage (WD − stage 20.00) □ Draft document can be registered at Committee Draft stage (CD − stage 30.00) □ Draft document can be registered at Draft International Standard stage (DIS − stage 40.00) □ If the attached document is copyrighted or includes copyrighted content, the proposer confirms that copyright permission has been granted for ISO to use this content in
compliance with clause 2.13 of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 (see also the Declaration on copyright).
Is this a Management Systems Standard (MSS)?
□ Yes ⊠ No
NOTE: if Yes, the NP along with the Justification study (see Annex SL of the Consolidated ISO Supplement) must be sent to the MSS Task Force secretariat (tmb@iso.org) for approval before the NP ballot can be launched.

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Indication of the preferred type to be developed
☐ Technical Specification
□ Publicly Available Specification
Proposed Standard Development Track (SDT)
To be discussed between proposer and committee manager considering, for example, when the market (the users) needs the document to be available, the maturity of the subject etc.
□ 18 months* □ 24 months ⊠ 36 months
* Projects using SDT 18 are eligible for the 'Direct publication process' offered by ISO /CS which reduces publication processing time by approximately 1 month.
Draft project plan (as discussed with committee leadership)
Proposed date for first meeting: 2021-10-20
Proposed dates for key milestones: Circulation of 1 st Working Draft (if any) to experts: 2022-03-31 Committee Draft ballot (if any): 2022-08-01 DIS submission*: 2022-12-30 Publication*: 2023-12-30
* Target Dates for DIS submission and Publication should preferably be set a few weeks ahead of the limit dates (automatically given by the selected SDT).
For guidance and support on project management, descriptions of the key milestones and to help you define your project plan and select the appropriate development track, see: go.iso.org/projectmanagement
NOTE: The draft project plan is later used to create a detailed project plan, when the project is approved.
Known patented items (see ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1, <u>clause 2.14</u> for important guidance)
□ Yes ⊠ No
If "Yes", provide full information as annex
Co-ordination of work To the best of your knowledge, has this or a similar proposal been submitted to another standards development organization?
□ Yes ⊠ No
If "Yes", please specify which one(s):
Click here to enter text.

A statement from the proposer as to how the proposed work may relate to or impact on existing work, especially existing ISO and IEC deliverables. The proposer should explain how the work differs from apparently similar work, or explain how duplication and conflict will be minimized

Currently, there is no ISO or IEC standardization document related to this proposal, and only limited case studies have been carried out at ISO.

A listing of relevant existing documents at the international, regional and national levels

ISO ECONOMIC BENEFITS OF STANDARDS

ISO ECONOMIC BENEFITS OF STANDARDS - ISO METHODOLOGY 2.0

ECONOMIC BENEFITS OF STANDARDS VOLUME 1

ECONOMIC BENEFITS OF STANDARDS VOLUME 2

Please fill out the relevant parts of the table below to identify relevant affected stakeholder categories and how they will each benefit from or be impacted by the proposed deliverable

t	Examples of nizations/companies to be contacted ere to enter text.
	ere to enter text.
Industry and commerce – Click here to enter text. Click he	ere to enter text.
Government Drive national economic growth.	ere to enter text.
Consumers Click here to enter text. Click he	ere to enter text.
Labour Click here to enter text. Click he	ere to enter text.
Academic and research bodies Click here to enter text. Click he	ere to enter text.
	international power ion Co.Ltd
Non-governmental Click here to enter text. Click he	ere to enter text.
Other (please specify) Click here to enter text. Click he	ere to enter text.

Other (please specify)	Click here to enter text.		Click here to enter text.
Liaisons		Joint/parallel work	
A listing of relevant external international organizations or internal parties (other ISO and/or IEC committees) to be engaged as liaisons in the development of the deliverable.		Possible joint/parallel work with ⊠ IEC (please specify committee ID) SMB	
Click here to enter text.		☐ CEN (pleas Click here to en	se specify committee ID) iter text.
		☐ Other (plea	ase specify) iter text.

A listing of relevant countries which are not already P-members of the committee			
China, Egypt, Brazil, Botswana, Germany, Russian Federation, Colombia, Cameroon, Lebanon, Mauritius, Peru, South Africa, Senegal, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Singapore, Italy, Indonesia, Jordan, Vietnam			
NOTE: The committee manager shall distribute listed above to ask if they wish to participate in			
Proposed Project Leader (name and e-mail address)	Name of the Proposer (include contact information)		
Wu Xiyao, 121084076@qq.com Wu Xiaobo, wanglj@cnis.ac.cn Li Yubing Deputy Director General, Department of Standards Innovative Management, SAN Secretary General of Chinese Member E of ISO, SAC Liyb@sac.gov.cn			
This proposal will be developed by			
 □ An existing Working Group (please specify which one: Click here to enter text.) □ A new Working Group (title: Click here to enter text.) (Note: establishment of a new WG must be approved by committee resolution) □ The TC/SC directly □ To be determined 			
Supplementary information relating to the p	roposal		
 This proposal relates to a new ISO document; This proposal relates to the adoption as an active project of an item currently registered as a Preliminary Work Item; This proposal relates to the re-establishment of a cancelled project as an active project. 			
☐ Other: Click here to enter text.			
Maintenance agencies (MA) and registration	n authorities (RA)		
 This proposal requires the service of a maintenance agency. If yes, please identify the potential candidate: Click here to enter text. 			
☐ This proposal requires the service of a registration authority . If yes, please identify the potential candidate: Click here to enter text.			
NOTE: Selection and appointment of the MA of ISO/IEC Directives, Annex G and Annex H, and Annex SN.	r RA is subject to the procedure outlined in the d the RA policy in the ISO Supplement,		
□Annex(es) are included with this proposal (provide details)			
None			

Page 8

Additional information/questions

The proposer would support the establishment of a Joint Project Committee or other cooperation mechanism with the IEC should there be an interest within the IEC, and subject to approval of TMB and SMB.

Guidance on evaluating standardization benefits of organization

Introduction

In 2010, ISO promulgated a methodology of evaluating standardization benefits on organization, which was based on value chain theory, in order to design and carry out such research by member countries, and carried out many case studies in member countries. This methodology hasn't developed as international standard, which limits organizations improve their benefits from standardization.

In order to promote organizations to improve economic and social benefits through standardization, this document provides the evaluation principles, methods and steps of micro standardization benefit evaluation based on the value chain theory.

1 Scope

This document provides guidance for organizations to understand and apply the evaluation principles, methods and procedures of economic and social benefits of standardization. This document is generally useful for organizations to measure the benefits of standardization and improve their own standardization inputs.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

Economic benefit of standardization

3.2

Social benefit of standardization

3.3

Investment of standardization

The investment in developing and implementing standards, includes the combination of fixed capital investment and labor investment.

3.4

Value chain

A value chain comprises a sequence of activities to generate a certain output, a product or a service.

3.5

Business function

The operations of the organization are subdivided into a number of key business functions. Each of these functions is associated with a set of specific value chain activities.

3.6

Value drivers

The key ability to give an organization competitive advantage.

3.7

Key operational indicators

Indicators that can be observed in the operation of an organization and whose impact can be measured.

3.8

Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)

Indicates the gross profit of an organization at a certain point in time, that is, revenue minus cost.

4 Methods of evaluating standardization benefits of organization

Evaluating the standardization benefits of organization is based on the value chain analysis method, which decomposes the internal structure of organizations into basic activities and related auxiliary activities to analyze the organizational profit model.

5 Key steps of evaluating the economic benefits of standardization on organization

Applying the value chain analysis method to evaluate the economic and social benefits of standardization should be carried out according to the following four steps:

- **5.1** Understand the value chain. Clarify industry boundaries, analyse the organization's value chain, identify the most relevant business functions.
- **5.2** Identify the impact of standards. Identify impacts deriving from standards for the main business functions and the activities associated with these functions, select relevant indicators to identify major impacts of standards.
- **5.3** Determine the value drivers and key operational indicators. Identify value drivers to focus the assessment on the most relevant standards impacts, derive for each value driver metrics (key performance indicators, KPIs) that can be translated in cost or revenue terms. See Annex A.
- **5.4** Measure the impacts of standards. Quantify the most relevant standards impacts, calculate EBIT impact for each standard impact, consolidate the results and

aggregate impacts on the organization level, analyze how to improve the economic and social benefits through standardization.

Annex A

(informative)

A.1 key operational indicator

Functions	Activities	Impacts	Description
Inbound logistics	All activities	Better internal information transfer	Using standardized documents and specifications makes passing on internal information about products and services more efficient.
		Better training of personnel	Inbound Logistics staff can be trained better because relevant specifications for both products and services are standardized.
		More efficient logistics	Inbound Logistics can be conducted more efficiently due to the reduced number of types of supplies.
	In-house logistics	More efficient receiving of supplies	Standardized documentation, packaging, labels or tags of supplies makes receiving more efficient.
	Warehousing	Reduced warehousing needs	Due to the high availability of standardized products, fewer supplies need to be stored in the warehouse.
Productio n /operatio ns	All activities	Better internal information transfer	Using standardized documents and specifications makes passing on internal information about products and services more efficient.
		Better training of personnel	Production/Operations staff can be trained better because relevant specifications are standardized, for both products and services.
		More efficient processing	Due to the reduced number of types of non- standardized products, Production/ Operations can become more efficient.
	Processing	More efficient assembly Better quality of	Assembly processes are more efficient due to the modular product architecture. Higher quality of equipment and supplies
	0.11	equipment and supplies	based on standards reduces the failure rate and related correction costs.
	Quality assurance	Better quality management	Quality management based on standards can be implemented more effectively.
	HSE (health, safety and	Reduced disadvantages from regulations	Influence in standard-setting process helps to reduce disadvantages from regulations
	environment)	Better health/safety/envir onmental compliance	HSE management based on standards can be implemented more effectively.
Outbound logistics	All activities	Better internal information transfer Better training of	Using standardized documents and specifications makes passing on internal information about products and services more efficient. Outbound logistics staff can be trained
		Detter training of	occording region of the conference

		1	1
		personnel	better because relevant specifications for both products and services are standardized.
		More efficient logistics	Reducing the number of product types means that Outbound Logistics can be conducted more efficiently.
	Packing/shi pping	More efficient packing and shipping	Standardized documentation, packaging and labels make packing and shipping goods more efficient.
Marketing and Sales	All activities	Better internal information transfer Better training of	Using standardized documents and specifications makes passing on internal information about products and services more efficient. Marketing & Sales staff can be trained
		personnel	better because relevant specifications for both products and services are standardized.
	M	More efficient marketing activities	Marketing & Sales activities can be conducted more efficiently if there are fewer product types.
	Market analysis, research	Better competitor information	Since competitor's products have standardized specifications, market research can be conducted more efficiently.
	Marketing activities, client development	Better customer information	Communicating product and service specifications and requirements to potential customers is more effective when referring to standards
	Contracting	More efficient contractual agreements	Defined specifications of the organization's products and customer requirements makes concluding contractual agreements easier.
	Sales	Higher sales	Sales are higher due to customer confidence in standardized products and services.
		Increased competition	The market share is lower due to more competitors on a market for standardized products and services.
		Reduced time-to- market	For products and services based on standardized components, the time-to-market and market share are higher due to earlier access to technical information.
		Benefits from participating in standard-setting process	A larger market share can be achieved through the promotion of the own technology to become standard and the acquisition of customers
Service	Customer care and technical support	Better internal information transfer	Using standardized documents and specifications makes passing on internal information about products and services more efficient.
		Better customer communication	You can communicate information about products and services to customers more effectively by using standardized specifications.

		Better training of	You can train Service staff better if you
		personnel	have standardized specifications of
		her somer	products and services.
		More efficient	1 2
			Fewer types of non-standardized products
		customer care	make Service activities more efficient.
		Reduced	Improved quality of standardized products
		consultation needs	means less consultation required.
Managemen	General	More efficient	Using standardized documents and
t &	management,	transfer of	specifications makes passing on internal
Administr	financing,	internal	information about products and services
ation	accounting,	information	more efficient.
	controlling	More efficient	You can train staff better if you have
		training of	standardized specifications of products
		personnel	and services.
		More efficient	
		management	conducted more efficiently due to the
			reduced number of types of products and
			services.
		Benefits from	Benefits from potential strategic
		potential strategic	partnerships arise as a result from
		partnerships as a	relationship build-up during standard-
		result from	setting process
		relationship build-	
		up during	
		standardization	
		process	
		Comparison with	The awareness of activities of competitors
		best-practices of	who use the same standardized technologies
		competitors	
	T 1		can induce internal improvements.
	Legal	Reduced liability	Liability costs can be reduced if
		costs	compliance with standards is demonstrated.
	Facility	More efficient	Using standardized documents and
	management	transfer of	specifications makes passing on internal
		internal	information about products and services
		information	more efficient.
		More efficient	You can train Facility Management staff
		training of	better if you have standardized
		personnel	specifications of products and services.
		More efficient	Facility Management activities can be
		management of	conducted more efficiently if there are
		facilities	fewer types of products and services.
	Risk	Better	The access to information and the
	VIOV		influence in the standard-setting process
		future trends and	helps to prevent negative developments
		influence on	
		standards	
		More secure future	Operational risk is reduced if products
		sales and supplies	and services are based on standards,
			because standardized products can be sold
			longer time and supplies are available for
			longer.
	IT	More efficient	Using standardized documents and
		transfer of	specifications makes passing on internal
		internal,	information about products and services
	<u> </u>	incomut,	Intermediate about products and services

		anamatianal	mana afficient
		operational information	more efficient.
		More efficient	Voy con train IT staff batton if you have
		training of	You can train IT staff better if you have standardized specifications of products
		personnel	and services.
		More efficient IT	Fewer types of non-standardized products
		activities	make IT activities more efficient.
	HR	More efficient	You can train staff better if you have
	IIIX		_
		_	standardized specifications of products and services.
		personnel More available	
		trained personnel	There is more potential personnel available on a market for standardized
		trained personner	technology
		Reduced HR	HR requirements are reduced with a reduced
		requirements	number of types of products and services,
		requirements	production complexity and types of
			employees in production
Engineeri	A11	Better internal	Using standardized documents and
ng /	activities	information	specifications makes passing on internal
Construct	activities	transfer	information about products and services
ion		cransici	more efficient.
		Clearer product	Standardized specifications of the
		specifications	suppliers' products and customer
		Specific actions	requirements make it easier to collect
			relevant information.
		Better training of	You can train R&D staff better if you have
		personnel	standardized specifications of products
			and services.
		More efficient	Fewer types of non-standardized products
		Engineering	make R&D activities more efficient.
		Additional	Additional personnel cost arise from
		personnel costs	participating in the standard-setting
			process
	Knowledge	More efficient	It is cheaper to implement standards
	management	internal	within a organization by using open
		standardization	consensus-based standards instead of
			developing internal standards.
	Design	Reduced project	Project development costs are reduced
		development cost	because standards provide technical
			information free of charge.
		Availability of	Critical replacement components are more
		replacement	readily available on the market for
		components	standardized products (which reduces
		A 111	costs).
		Additional costs	There are additional cost due to the
		from adopting	product and process requirements specified
	Constant	standards	in standards
	Constructio	More efficient	Assembly processes are more efficient due
	n	assembly Pottor quality of	to the modular product architecture.
		Better quality of equipment and	Higher quality of equipment and supplies based on standards reduces the failure
		supplies and	rate and related correction costs.
		Better quality	Quality management based on standards can
			be implemented more effectively.
		management	be imbienced more effectively.

		Better health/safety/envir onmental compliance	HSE management based on standards can be implemented more effectively.
	All activities	Better internal information transfer	Using standardized documents and specifications makes passing on internal information about products and services more efficient.
		Clearer product specifications	Standardized specifications of the suppliers' products and customer requirements make it easier to collect relevant information.
		Better training of personnel	You can train R&D staff better if you have standardized specifications of products and services.
		More efficient R&D	Fewer types of non-standardized products make R&D activities more efficient.
		Additional personnel costs	Additional personnel cost arise from participating in the standard-setting process
	Knowledge management	More efficient internal standardization	It is cheaper to implement standards within a organization by using open consensus-based standards instead of developing internal standards.
	Research	Reduced research needs	Research needs are reduced because standards provide technical information free of charge.
		Reduced research needs from participating in standard-setting process	Research needs are reduced because additional information is obtained during standard-setting process.
	Product development	Reduced product development cost	Product development costs are reduced because standard technical information is available for free.
		Reduced product development cost from participating in standard-setting process	Product development cost are reduced because additional information is obtained during standard-setting process.
		Availability of replacement components	Critical replacement components are more readily available on the market for standardized products (which reduces costs).
		Additional costs from adopting standards	There are additional cost due to the product and process requirements specified in standards
Procureme nt	All activities	Better internal information transfer	Using standardized documents and specifications makes passing on internal information about products and services more efficient.
		Better training of personnel	You can train Procurement staff better if you have standardized specifications of products and services.
		More efficient	Fewer types of non-standardized products

	procurement	make Procurement activities more
	activities	efficient.
Screening	More efficient	Due to the standardized specifications of
and	screening of	the suppliers' products and the internal
selection	specifications of	requirements, it is easier to collect
of	standardized	relevant information.
suppliers	products	
Negotiating	More efficient	Defined specifications of suppliers'
and	contractual	products makes concluding agreements
contracting	agreements	easier.
	More competition	More competition in the market drives down
		the costs of supplies.
	Larger quantities	Costs of supplies are lower because larger
		quantities of the same type can be
		purchased for standardized components.